

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

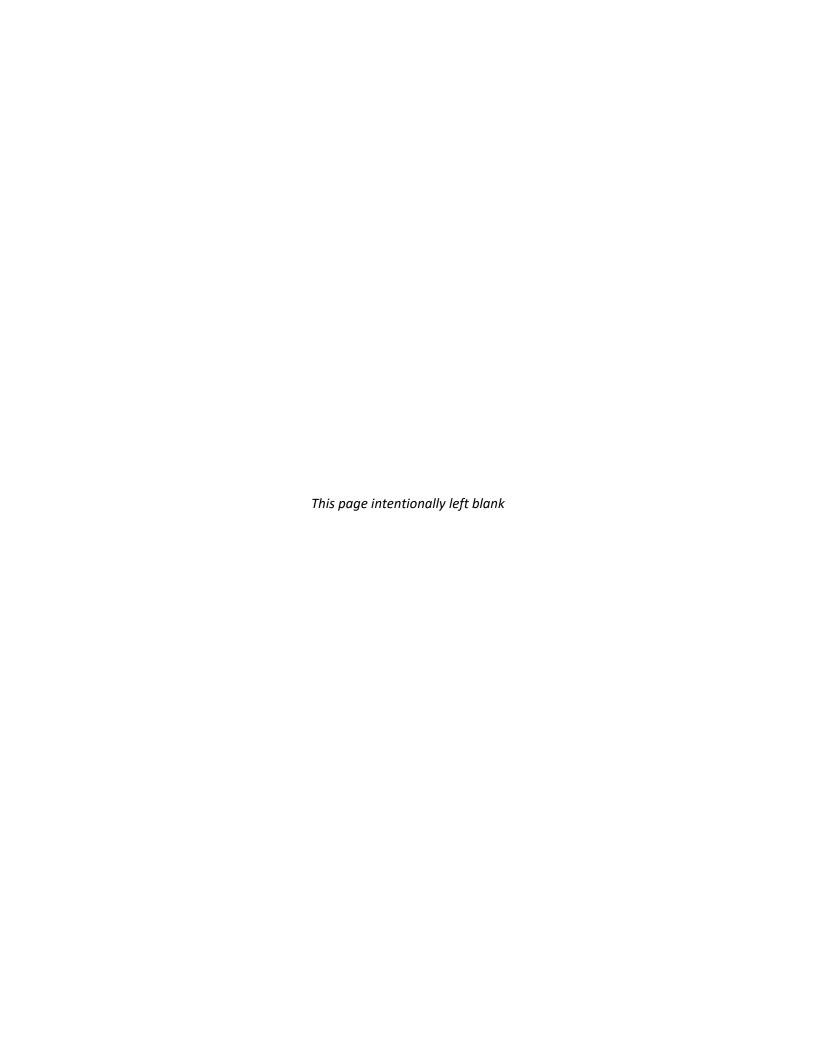
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Table of Contents

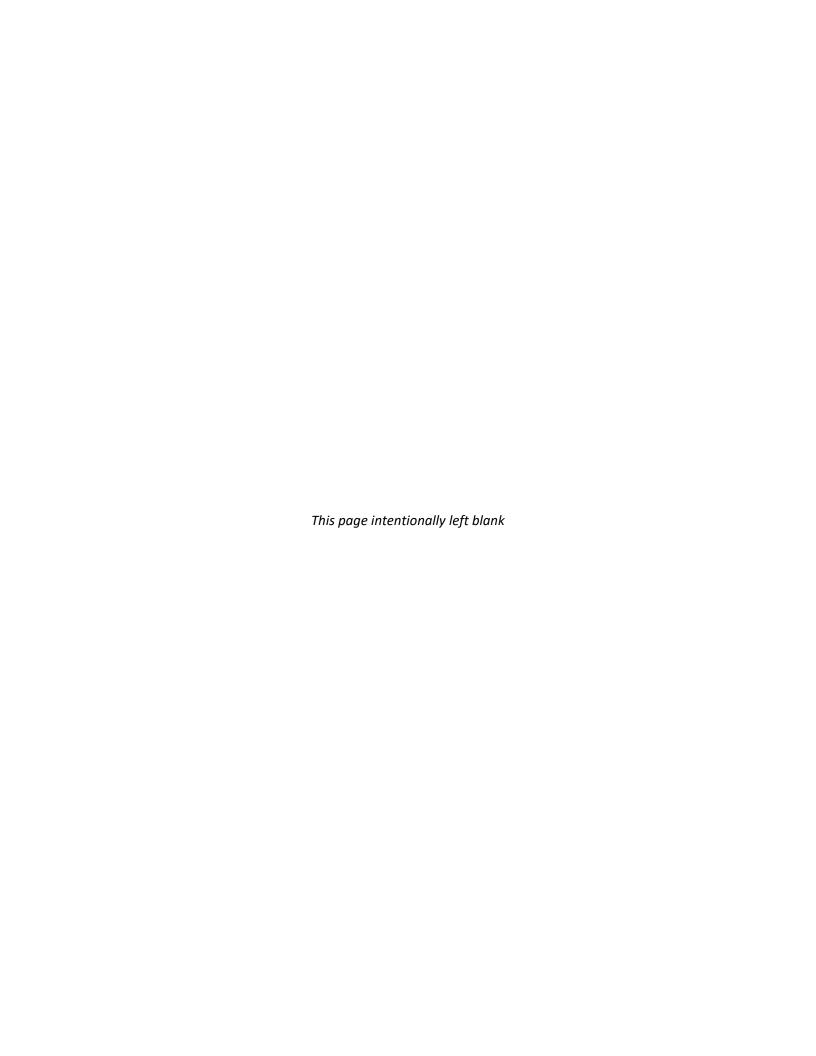
	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	1
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	3
Organizational Chart	4
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	5
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis	12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Activities	23
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	31
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions	
Notes to the Pension Plan Schedules	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Highway User Special Revenue Fund	78

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	80
Changes in Net Position	81
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	83
Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	84
Revenue Capacity	
Local Sales Tax Revenue by Industry	86
Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source	87
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	88
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	90
Principle Employers	91
Operating Information	
Full Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function	92
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	
Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program	
OTHER COMMUNICATIONS FROM INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	97
Report on State Legal Compliance	gc









December 19, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and Citizens of the Town of Snowflake:

I am pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Town of Snowflake, Arizona (Town) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The report was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a licensed Certified Public Accountant.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Hinton Burdick, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Snowflake's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements: assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Snowflake was incorporated in 1948, and is located in Northeastern Arizona. It currently occupies 27 square miles and serves a population estimated at 6,524. The Town of Snowflake is empowered by the citizens to levy property taxes through a proper election, but as of today levies no property taxes, nor has ever levied a tax on property. The Town is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The Town of Snowflake has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1986. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and six other council members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the Town's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of various departments. Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The mayor is directly elected to a four-year term.

The Town of Snowflake provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; and recreation and cultural activities. The Town operates a water and sewer utility and a golf course.

The Council is required to adopt a tentative budget on or before the third Monday in July of each year. The Town Council adopted the final budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, on August 2, 2022. The budget is prepared by fund, and department. Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the governing council and the legal level of budgetary control is at the department level.

Local Economy

Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in proximity include pork producers, electrical generation, and cannabis growing operations. Unemployment has remained steady at around 5%. The unemployment rate in the Town has fluctuated between 8.7% and 3.6% during the past ten years.

During the past five years, the Town's expenditures related to public safety have increased significantly. These expenditures have risen in a large part to the increases in employer contributions for the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System.

Capital Projects

The major capital projects planned for the next year include bike skills park, acquisition of park land and paved walking trails along 7th St. South.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Town is currently working on projects that will enhance parks and recreation and other amenities. These recreational amenities will provide opportunities for residents to enjoy the outdoors and indoor recreation.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Snowflake for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the 15th year that the Town of Snowflake has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. I wish to express my appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Snowflake's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Brian Richards, CPA

Town Manager/Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Snowflake Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

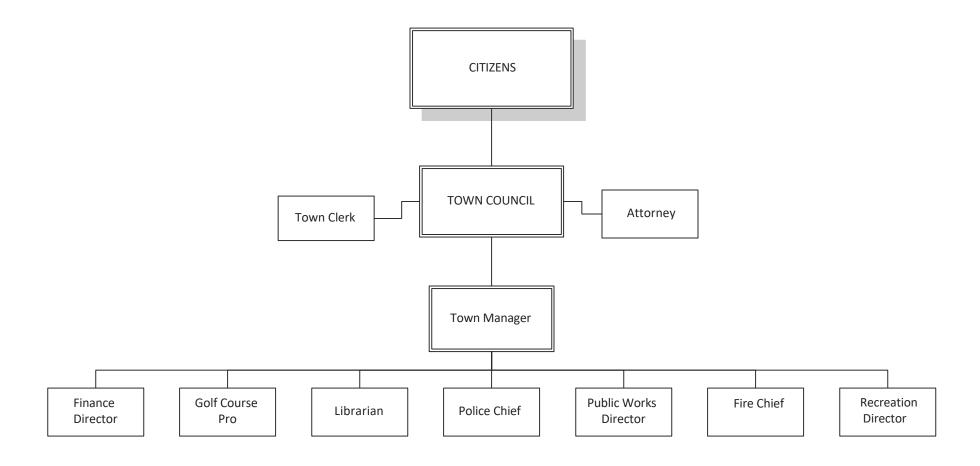
June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Town of Snowflake, Arizona

Organization Chart



Town of Snowflake, Arizona List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2023

Elected Officials

Mayor	Byron Lewis
Vice-Mayo	r JoAnne Guderian
Council	Joseph Bjornn
Council	Lora Jones
Council	Cory Johnson
Council	Greg Brimhall
Council	Kerry Ballard

Appointed Officials

Town Manager	Brian Richards
Public Works Director	Terry Cooper
Finance Director	Brian Richards
Town Clerk	Katie Melser
Town Attorney	William J. Sims
Fire Chief	Willie Nelson
Police Chief	Robert Martin
Librarian	Ella McAdams
Town Magistrate	Fred Peterson

This page intentionally left blank

FINANCIAL SECTION

This page intentionally left blank



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Snowflake, Arizona

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snowflake, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Snowflake, Arizona, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Snowflake, Arizona and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Town of Snowflake, Arizona's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Snowflake, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Snowflake, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of the proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability, schedules of the changes in the net pension/OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of pension/OPEB contributions, and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2023, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2023 on our consideration of Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona December 19, 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Snowflake, we offer readers of the Town of Snowflake's statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Snowflake for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in the notes to the financial statements

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Snowflake exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,782,906 (net position).
- The Town of Snowflake's total net position increased by \$4,900,274 during the current fiscal year due to an increase in overall revenues over the previous year.
- As of June 30, 2023, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,588,936, an increase of \$1,954,793. Of the total ending fund balance, \$10,223,837 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2023, the total unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$10,223,837, or 118% of total general fund expenditures (\$8,690,759).
- As of June 30, 2023, the Town's proprietary funds reported combined total net position of \$7,469,424.
- The Town's net long-term liabilities increased by \$380,174 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Snowflake's basic financial statements. The Town of Snowflake's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Snowflake's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Town of Snowflake's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Snowflake is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Snowflake that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Snowflake include; general government, public safety, highways and streets, economic development, library, and recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the Town of Snowflake include; a Water and Sewer utility and a Golf Course operation.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22-23 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Snowflake, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Snowflake can be divided into three categories; governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spend-able resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmental-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Snowflake maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special revenue funds.

The Town of Snowflake adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-27 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Snowflake maintains two proprietary funds. Both of these funds are enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Snowflake uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer utilities and Golf Course enterprise.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer utility and Golf Course enterprise, both of which are considered to be major funds of the Town of Snowflake.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents require supplementary information concerning the Town of Snowflake's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 65-73 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As previously noted, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. In the case of the Town of Snowflake, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows by \$29,782,906 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By and far the largest portion of the Town of Snowflake's net position (70 percent, \$23,217,286) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town of Snowflake uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Snowflake's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Snowflake's net position, \$587,538 (2 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This leaves a balance of \$5,978,082 in unrestricted net position.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Snowflake is able to report positive balances in three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, and positive balances in two categories of net position for the government's separate business type activities.

The Town's net position increased by \$4,900,274 during the current fiscal year. This change is the result of normal operations of the Town.

Statement of Net Position

	Governmental activities			ss-type vities	Combined Total		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 11,957,804 18,821,307	\$ 10,356,875 17,083,340	\$ 782,470 7,593,144	\$ 656,508 7,407,795	\$ 12,740,274 26,414,451	\$ 11,013,383 24,491,135	
Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	30,779,111 1,180,252	27,440,215 893,061	8,375,614 103,633	8,064,303 113,084	39,154,725 1,283,885	35,504,518 1,006,145	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	8,232,727 770,412	7,590,915 1,569,224	843,065 126,224	1,104,163 173,982	9,075,792 896,636	8,695,078 1,743,206	
Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	9,003,139	9,160,139	969,289	1,278,145	9,972,428	10,438,284	
Net position:	642,742	1,007,119	40,534	182,628	683,276	1,189,747	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	15,879,142 365,099 6,069,241	13,692,990 323,183 4,149,845	7,338,144 222,439 (91,159)	6,761,929 240,927 (286,242)	23,217,286 587,538 5,978,082	20,454,919 564,110 3,863,603	
Total net position	\$ 22,313,482	\$ 18,166,018	\$ 7,469,424	\$ 6,716,614	\$ 29,782,906	\$ 24,882,632	

Changes in Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

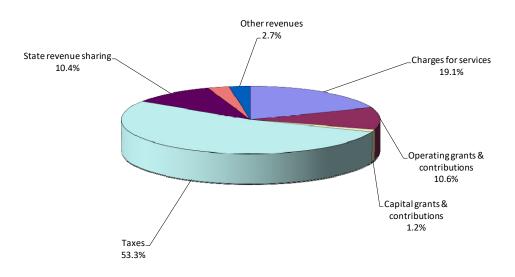
	Govern activ			ss-type vities	Combined Total		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,207,391	\$ 1,847,405	\$ 3,309,259	\$ 3,354,741	\$ 5,516,650	\$ 5,202,146	
Operating grants and							
contributions	1,221,064	3,297,235	-	-	1,221,064	3,297,235	
Capital grants and							
contributions	140,090	605,736	-	105,000	140,090	710,736	
General revenues:							
Taxes	6,165,963	4,695,034	-	-	6,165,963	4,695,034	
State revenue sharing	1,207,261	801,214	-	-	1,207,261	801,214	
Other revenue/(expense)	618,506	251,935		103	618,506	252,038	
Total revenues	11,560,275	11,498,559	3,309,259	3,459,844	14,869,534	14,958,403	
Expenses:							
General government	1,018,175	1,372,181	-	-	1,018,175	1,372,181	
Public safety	3,464,640	2,819,887	-	-	3,464,640	2,819,887	
Public works/Streets	1,128,177	1,014,347	-	-	1,128,177	1,014,347	
Culture and recreation	1,090,868	674,006	-	-	1,090,868	674,006	
Interest on long-term debt	70,949	69,697	-	-	70,949	69,697	
Water and wastewater	-	-	2,062,964	1,756,820	2,062,964	1,756,820	
Golf Course			1,133,487	1,002,394	1,133,487	1,002,394	
Total expenses	6,772,809	5,950,118	3,196,451	2,759,214	9,969,260	8,709,332	
Increase (Decrease) in net position							
before transfers	4,787,466	5,548,441	112,808	700,630	4,900,274	6,249,071	
Transfers	(640,002)	(643,567)	640,002	643,567			
Increase in net position	4,147,464	4,904,874	752,810	1,344,197	4,900,274	6,249,071	
Net position, beginning	18,166,018	13,352,317	6,716,614	5,372,417	24,882,632	18,724,734	
Prior period adjustment		(91,173)				(91,173)	
Net position, ending	\$ 22,313,482	\$ 18,166,018	\$ 7,469,424	\$ 6,716,614	\$ 29,782,906	\$ 24,882,632	

Governmental activities – Governmental activities increased the Town's Net position by \$4,147,464. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

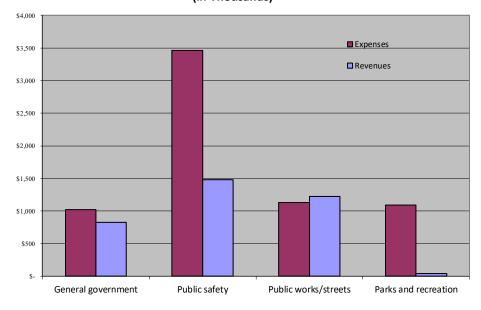
- Charges for services increased by \$359,986 (19.5 percent) during the year primarily due to increases in business license revenue.
- General revenues increased by \$2,243,547 (39 percent) during the year primarily due to increases in taxes, state revenue sharing and interest income.
- General government expense decreased by \$354,006 (25.8 percent) during the year primarily due to decreases in employee wages and benefits and capital outlay.
- Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$416,862 (61.8 percent) during the year primarily related to increased capital outlay related to the swimming pool.
- Public safety expenses increased by \$644,753 (22.9 percent) during the year primarily related to increases in employee wages and benefits and capital outlay.

Business-type activities – Business-type activities increased the Town of Snowflake's net position by \$752,810. This was a result of sales and transfers in outpacing the increases in expense for the year.

Revenue By Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in Thousands)



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Snowflake's uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Snowflake's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spend-able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Snowflake's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Snowflake's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,588,936, an increase of 22.6 percent in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 96.6 percent constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for highways and streets (\$365,099).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Snowflake. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,223,837, with total governmental funds' fund balance reached being \$10,223,837. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned and total fund balance represents 118 percent of total general fund expenditures (\$8,690,759).

The fund balance of the Town of Snowflake's general fund increased by \$1,912,877 during the current fiscal year. Key factors relating to this change are as follows:

General fund governmental revenues increased by \$403,541 (4.0 percent) during the year, mainly
due to increases in local sales taxes; while expenditures decreased by \$1,008,306 (10.4 percent)
primarily related to capital outlay for the swimming pool project and other capital projects.

The fund balance for the Highway User Revenue Fund increased by \$41,916 to \$365,099 mainly due to expenses decreasing by 37.4 percent, resulting from a decrease in capital outlay expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Snowflake's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility fund at the end of the year was \$197,204, and unrestricted net position of the Golf Course fund was a deficit of \$288,363. The main reason there is a deficit balance in unrestricted net position is due to the implementation of GASB 68 in the prior years, which required an accrual of net pension liability in the total amount of \$844,475 for both funds in fiscal year 2015. The deficit in the Golf Course Fund has carried forward from then and increased in fiscal year 2023 due to capital asset additions. The Utility Fund cleared its deficit in fiscal year 2023. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Snowflake's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The overall general fund budget decreased by 6.3% from the prior year due to the anticipated revenues and the economic environment in which the Town operates.

General Fund Budgetary Variances

Local sales tax revenues received are higher than budgeted because of higher than expected collections, intergovernmental revenues were \$688,589 less than anticipated and miscellaneous and contingent revenues was \$314,878 less than budgeted. Overall general fund expenses were \$1,170,003 less than the final budget due to normal cost saving measures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Snowflake's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$26,414,451 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total net increase in the Town of Snowflake's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,923,317.

The most significant capital asset addition for the year was the following:

• \$1,663,838 for the Swimming pool project, which was completed during fiscal year 2023.

Additional information on the Town of Snowflake's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 45-46 of this report

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Snowflake had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$9,075,792 consisting of revenue bonds, compensated absences, net pension/OPEB liability and notes payable. The entire amount of revenues bonds are secured by specified revenue sources.

The Town of Snowflake's total long-term liabilities increased by \$380,714 during the year, this increase is primarily attributed to the change in the actuarial valuation of the net pension/OPEB liability.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue. The debt limitations imposed on the Town by State statute are six percent and twenty percent of outstanding assessed valuation. The Town's available debt margin at June 30, 2023 is \$2.5 million at 6 percent and \$8.4 million at 20 percent.

Additional information on the Town of Snowflake's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 47-49.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Inflationary trends in the region compare with national indices. Retail sales tax collections continue to show a year over year increase due to general economic conditions.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Snowflake's budget for the 2024 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Snowflake's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following address:

Finance Department Town of Snowflake Brian Richards, Finance Director 81 W. 1st St. South Snowflake, AZ 85937 Telephone: 928-536-7103 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,444,115	\$ 261,056	\$ 10,705,171
Receivables (net of allowance)		863,909	233,694	1,097,603
Inventory		-	18,214	18,214
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-	250,279	250,279
Net pension/OPEB asset		152,438	19,227	171,665
Leases receivable		497,342	-	497,342
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				
Land		945,681	1,973,830	2,919,511
Construction in progress		800,604	141,458	942,062
Buildings and improvements		7,442,402	3,868,051	11,310,453
Infrastructure/roads		8,526,398	-	8,526,398
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	1	1,106,222	1,609,805	 2,716,027
Total assets		30,779,111	8,375,614	 39,154,725
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB		1,180,252	103,633	1,283,885
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,180,252	103,633	1,283,885
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		758,779	123,559	882,338
Interest payable		11,633	2,665	14,298
Current portion of long-term liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:		402,866	271,856	674,722
Due in more than one year:				
Bonds, notes and compensated absences		2,732,780	5,619	2,738,399
Net pension/opeb liability		5,097,081	565,590	5,662,671
Total liabilities		9,003,139	 969,289	9,972,428
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB		185,091	40,534	225,625
Deferred inflows related to leases		457,651		457,651
Total deferred inflows of resources		642,742	 40,534	 683,276
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		15,879,142	7,338,144	23,217,286
Public works/streets		365,099	-	365,099
Debt service		-	222,439	222,439
Unrestricted		6,069,241	(91,159)	5,978,082
Total net position	\$	22,313,482	\$ 7,469,424	\$ 29,782,906

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) F	Revenue and Change	s in N	et Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	C Gr	apital rants & ributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works/streets Parks and recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,018,175 3,464,640 1,128,177 1,090,868 70,949	\$ 778,038 1,391,346 - 38,007	\$ - 100 1,220,964 - -	\$	50,000 90,090 - - -	\$ (190,137) (1,983,104) 92,787 (1,052,861) (70,949)	\$ - - - - -	\$	(190,137) (1,983,104) 92,787 (1,052,861) (70,949)
Total governmental activities	6,772,809	2,207,391	1,221,064		140,090	(3,204,264)			(3,204,264)
Business-type activities: Water and wastewater Golf Course Total business-type activities Total primary government	2,062,964 1,133,487 3,196,451 \$ 9,969,260	2,747,041 562,218 3,309,259 \$ 5,516,650	\$ 1,221,064	\$	- - - 140,090	- - -	684,077 (571,269) 112,808		684,077 (571,269) 112,808
		Gain (loss) on Miscellaneous Transfers	x es e sharing nvestment earnings sale of assets			4,499,415 940,732 166,508 559,308 1,207,261 310,567 185,673 122,266 (640,002)	- - - - - - - 640,002		4,499,415 940,732 166,508 559,308 1,207,261 310,567 185,673 122,266
		Total genera	al revenues			7,351,728	640,002		7,991,730
		•	net position			4,147,464	752,810		4,900,274
		Net position - be				18,166,018	6,716,614	_	24,882,632
		Net position - e	nding			\$ 22,313,482	\$ 7,469,424	\$	29,782,906

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Assets		General	_	nway Users enue Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,159,160	\$	284,955	\$	10,444,115
Receivables:						
Other		75,000		101 502		75,000
Intergovernmental Franchise		647,588 39,759		101,562		749,150 39,759
Leases		497,342		-		497,342
Total assets	\$	11,418,849	\$	386,517	\$	11,805,366
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	666,087	\$	14,453	\$	680,540
Accrued wages and benefits		71,274		6,965		78,239
Total liabilities		737,361		21,418		758,779
Deferred inflows						
Deferred inflows-leases		457,651		_		457,651
Total deferred inflows		457,651				457,651
Fund balances						
Restricted for:						
Public works/streets		-		365,099		365,099
Unassigned		10,223,837		-		10,223,837
Total fund balances		10,223,837	-	365,099		10,588,936
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	.	11 /10 0/0	Ļ	206 517	Ļ	11 90F 366
and fund parafices	\$	11,418,849	\$	386,517	\$	11,805,366

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances governmental funds		\$	10,588,936
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets	\$ 32,714,021		
Accumulated depreciation	 (13,892,714)	•	18,821,307
Not ODED asset is not an available resource and therefore			
Net OPEB asset is not an available resource and, therefore			152 420
is not reported in the funds.			152,438
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Bonds payable	(2,644,000)		
Compensated absences	(193,481)		
Notes Payable	(298,165)		
Net pension/OPEB liability	(5,097,081)		
Net pension/ or Eb hability	 (3,037,081)	ı	(8,232,727)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current			
financial resources and therefore, is not reported as a liability			
in the governmental funds balance sheet.			(11,633)
in the governmental rands balance sheet.			(11,055)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB			
are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are			
not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows	1,180,252		
Deferred inflows	(185,091)		
			995,161
Net position of governmental activities		\$	22,313,482
6		T	==,010,.02

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Highway Users Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 4,665,923	\$ -	\$ 4,665,923
Licenses, permits and fees	193,924	-	193,924
Intergovernmental revenue	4,653,264	1,220,964	5,874,228
Charges for services	30,736	-	30,736
Interest	310,567	-	310,567
Other revenues	749,222	<u> </u>	749,222
Total revenues	10,603,636	1,220,964	11,824,600
Expenditures			
General government	893,356	-	893,356
Public safety	3,694,852	-	3,694,852
Public works/streets	2,127,263	691,957	2,819,220
Recreation and parks	856,483	-	856,483
Capital outlay	-	454,082	454,082
Debt service:			
Principal	415,515	32,672	448,187
Interest	63,288	337	63,625
Total expenditures	8,050,757	1,179,048	9,229,805
Excess of revenues			
over expenditures	2,552,879	41,916	2,594,795
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(640,002)		(640,002)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(640,002)	-	(640,002)
Net change in fund balances	1,912,877	41,916	1,954,793
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,310,960	323,183	8,634,143
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,223,837	\$ 365,099	\$ 10,588,936

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 1,954,793
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated			
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between			
depreciation expense and capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital outlay	\$	3,004,539	
Depreciation expense		(1,002,245)	
			2,002,294
Governmental funds report the gross proceeds from the sale of capital assets as revenue. However, in the statement of activities, the gain on the sale of capital			
assets is reported net of its net book value.			(264,327)
Principal of long-term debt consumes and provides current financial resources of governmental funds, however, this does not have any effect on net position. Debt Payments		448,185	449 195
			448,185
Accrued Interest and related changes for Long-term debt are not reported for the			
current period while they are recorded in the statement of activities.			(7,324)
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			12,929
Pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	5	574,844 (573,930)	914
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 4,147,464

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Utility Fund	Golf Course Fund	Totals	
Assets	Fullu	Fullu	Totals	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 261,056	\$ -	\$ 261,056	
Receivables (net of allowance)	233,694	ب -	233,694	
Inventory	233,034	18,214	18,214	
Total current assets	494,750	18,214	512,964	
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	250,279	250.279 -		
Net pension/OPEB asset	8,874	10,353	250,279 19,227	
Land	219,424	1,754,406	1,973,830	
Construction in progress		141,458	141,458	
Buildings and improvements	8,897,640	974,571	9,872,211	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	1,621,380	774,424	2,395,804	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,688,712)	(1,101,447)	(6,790,159	
Total noncurrent assets	5,308,885	2,553,765	7,862,650	
Total assets	5,803,635	2,571,979	8,375,614	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB	47,831	55,802	103,633	
Total deferred outflows of resources	47,831	55,802	103,633	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:	42.222	10.611	62,943	
Accounts payable	•	43,299 19,644		
Accrued liabilities	17,637	15,139	32,776	
Customer deposits	27,840	-	27,840	
Accrued interest payable	2,665	-	2,665	
Current portion of long-term debt	263,175	8,681	271,856	
Total current liabilities	354,616	43,464	398,080	
Noncurrent liabilities (net of current portion):				
Compensated absences	2,725	2,894	5,619	
Net pension/OPEB liability	261,041	304,549	565,590	
Total noncurrent liabilities	263,766	307,443	571,209	
Total liabilities	618,382	350,907	969,289	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB	18,709	21,825	40,534	
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,709	21,825	40,534	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	4,794,732	2,543,412	7,338,14	
Restricted for debt service	222,439	-	222,439	
Unrestricted	197,204	(288,363)	(91,159	
Total net position	\$ 5,214,375	\$ 2,255,049	\$ 7,469,424	

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Statement Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating revenues	Utility Golf Course Fund Fund		Totals		
Metered water service Sewer service charges Connection fees Other fine and fees Green fees	\$ 1,212,889 799,326 120,553 614,273	\$ - - - 253,905	\$ 1,212,889 799,326 120,553 614,273 253,905		
Cart fees Membership dues Other charges and fees		176,732 56,191 75,390	176,732 56,191 75,390		
Total operating revenues	2,747,041	562,218	3,309,259		
Operating expenses Cost of sales and services Administration Depreciation Total operating expenses	1,009,755 760,258 285,492 2,055,505	462,542 548,548 122,397 1,133,487	1,472,297 1,308,806 407,889 3,188,992		
Operating income (loss)	691,536	(571,269)	120,267		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest expense	(7,459)		(7,459)		
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	(7,459)		(7,459)		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	684,077	(571,269)	112,808		
Contributions and transfers: Transfers in Total contributions & transfers	<u> </u>	640,002 640,002	640,002 640,002		
Change in net position	684,077	68,733	752,810		
Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	4,530,298 \$ 5,214,375	2,186,316 \$ 2,255,049	6,716,614 \$ 7,469,424		

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Utility Fund	Golf Course Fund		Totals	
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers, service fees Cash received from customers, other	\$	2,759,022 -	\$	591,828 75,390	\$	3,350,850 75,390
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,040,774)		(479,340)	((1,520,114)
Cash paid to employees		(770,811)		(542,878)	((1,313,689)
Net cash flows from operating activities		947,437		(355,000)		592,437
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers (to)/from other funds		-		640,002		640,002
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities				640,002		640,002
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchase of capital assets		(387,165)		(206,073)		(593,238)
Principal paid on long-term liabilities		(305,858)		(85,008)		(390,866)
Interest paid		(8,086)		(876)		(8,962)
Net cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities		(701,109)		(291,957)		(993,066)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		246,328		(6,955)		239,373
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, beginning of year		265,007		6,955		271,962
Cash and cash equivalents, including						
restricted cash, end of year	\$	511,335	\$	-	\$	511,335
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:						
Net operating income (loss)	\$	691,536	\$	(571,269)	\$	120,267
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation/amortization		285,492		122,397		407,889
Pension/OPEB expense		23,169		27,032		50,201
Employer pension/OPEB contributions		(22,240)		(25,945)		(48,185)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		11,981		105,000		116,981
Increase/(decrease) in payables		(31,019)		(16,798)		(47,817)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued liabilities		(11,482)		4,583		(6,899)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	947,437	\$	(355,000)	\$	592,437

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, when applicable, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting entity

The Town of Snowflake, Arizona (Town) was incorporated on August 2, 1948, under the provisions of the State of Arizona. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety, streets, water, sewer, planning, zoning, recreation, parks, golf, library, and general administrative services.

The Town of Snowflake, Arizona (Town) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor, vice-mayor, and an elected five-member council (council). The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The Town has no blended or discretely presented component units.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The accompanying financial statements include the Town of Snowflake, which is the primary government.

Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund will always be considered a major fund in the basic financial statements.

The **Highway User Special Revenue Fund** accounts for the revenue and expenditures related to maintenance, construction, and repair of Town streets and right of ways. This fund receives taxes on gasoline from the State and is restricted for authorized transportation purposes.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Utility Fund** accounts for the activities related to the Town's water and wastewater system.

The **Golf Course Fund** accounts for the activities related to the Town's municipal golf course operations.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental grants and aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

State Statute authorizes the Town to invest in the State's Local Government Investment Pool, in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper and repurchase agreements.

All Investments for the government are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as adjustments to interest earnings. Fair market values are generally based on quoted market prices. The reported value of the state treasurer's pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Inventories

The cost of governmental fund-type inventories are normally recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. However, the Highway User Revenue Fund at times, maintains and records inventories for street supplies and fuel respectively and are recorded at cost using the first in/first-out method. Inventories for business-type activities consist of materials and supplies for the water and sewer system and are recorded at cost using the first in/first-out method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities are expensed when incurred.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building20 - 40 yearsImprovements10 - 20 yearsEquipment5 - 20 yearsInfrastructure20 - 40 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Town has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is pension/OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See footnote 9 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category, which is pension/OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and deferred inflows related to leases reported on the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. See footnotes 9 and footnote 5 for more information.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS and PSPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Town itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements

Lessee: The Town recognizes lease liabilities and an intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements when present. The Town recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Town determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Town uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Town generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price
 that the Town is reasonably certain to exercise.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The Town recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the Town initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term.

Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Town determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Town uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements: The Town recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements when present. The Town recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more. The Town uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure subscription liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the arrangement.

Revenues and expenditures/expenses

Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Property taxes

The Town does not currently have any primary or secondary real property tax levies.

Compensated absences

For governmental funds, amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave in the proprietary fund are recorded as an expense and a liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, sewer fund, building fund and EMS fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Tax Abatements

The Town has not entered into any tax abatement agreements and the Town is not aware of any tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that would reduce the Town's tax revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which (1) defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The Town had no SBITAs during the year ended June 30, 2023 that required reporting under GASB statement No. 96.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of nets assets. These differences primarily result from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation on page 25.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. These differences are the result of converting from the current resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation on page 27.

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability are key concepts in defining the responsibilities of the Town. The use of budgets and monitoring of equity status facilitate the Town's compliance with legal requirements.

Budgets and budgetary accounting

The Town Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the Town Manager submits a
 proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 to the Town
 Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comment.
- 3. Prior to the third Monday in August, the expenditure limitation for the Town is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. To ensure compliance with the expenditure limitation, a uniform expenditure report must be filed with the State each year. This report, issued under a separate cover, reconciles total Town expenditures from the audited financial statements to total expenditures for reporting in accordance with the State's uniform expenditure reporting system (A.R.S. §41-1279.07).
- 4. The Town follows a voter-approved alternative expenditure limitation that was adopted on March 8, 2011 and extended in August of 2016 and again in August 2021. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.
- 5. Expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation of all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the Town adopts a budget by department for the General Fund and in total by fund for other funds. The Town Manager, subject to Town Council approval, may, at any time, transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof between departments or activities. The adopted budget cannot be amended in any way without Town Council approval.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures.

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, Continued

The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Cities and Towns. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual reports as listed in the table of contents present all of the departments which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, if any.

Highway User Revenue Funds

Highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town pursuant to title 28, chapter 18, article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year have been used solely for authorized purposes.

Note 4. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2023 the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$7,908,418 and the bank balances were \$8,021,258. As of June 30, 2023, \$7,664 of the Town's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name.

As of June 30, 2023, the Town had \$257,665 of cash held by BNY Mellon acting as a trust agent for debt service payments and \$600 held in petty cash.

Note 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

Investments

The Town's investments include \$3,039,145 held in the Local Government Investment Pool 5 which has a Standard and Poor rating of AAA f/S1+. The Arizona State Treasurer's Office operates the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is available for investment of funds administered by any Arizona Public Treasurer.

The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The State Board of Investments provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools. Deposits in the LGIP are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Arizona, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments. The provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35-323) govern the investment of funds in excess of \$100,000. A.R.S. 35-323 allows for investment in certificates of deposit, interest bearing savings accounts, repurchase agreements with a maximum maturity of 180 days, pooled investment funds established by the State Treasurer, obligations guaranteed by the United States, bonds of the State of Arizona or other local municipalities, commercial paper of prime quality that is rated "P1" by Moody's investors or "A1" by Standard and Poor's rating service, and bonds, debentures or notes that are issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States subject to certain restrictions. For investments of less than \$100,000, procedures as specified by local ordinance or resolution must be followed.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35-323) which requires that the Town's investment portfolio maturities do not exceed five years from the time of purchase.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with State law (A.R.S. 35-323) which limits investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services.

Fair value measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

LGIP investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs)

Note 5. Leases Receivable

The Town began leasing land to a third party beginning August 1, 2016 for a cell tower. The lease had an initial term of five years with the option to renew for four additional five-year periods. The agreement calls for monthly payments to the Town of \$1,000 per month for the initial five-year term with tenpercent increases in the monthly payment for each renewal period. The Town recognized \$11,266 in lease revenue and \$4,821 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's receivable for lease payments was \$232,765. Also, the Town has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$203,731.

The Town began leasing the post office building to a third party beginning March 20, 2020. The lease has a term of five years and calls for monthly payments to the Town of \$7,812 per month. The Town recognized \$89,496 in lease revenue and \$3,715 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's receivable for lease payments was \$153,910. Also, the Town has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$149,160.

The Town began leasing land to a third party beginning September 1, 2020 for a cell tower. The lease had an initial term of five years with the option to renew for four additional five-year periods. The agreement calls for monthly payments to the Town of \$394 per month for the initial year with a two-percent annual increase in the monthly payment effective each September 1st. The Town recognized \$4,726 in lease revenue and \$2,128 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's receivable for lease payments was \$110,667. Also, the Town has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$104,760.

This section intentionally blank

Note 6. Capital Assets

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for governmental activities during the year.

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 924,549 4,046,583	\$ 21,132 2,394,300	\$ - -	\$ - (5,640,279)	\$ 945,681 800,604
Total non-depreciable assets	4,971,132	2,415,432		(5,640,279)	1,746,285
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	5,808,429 2,649,300 16,745,621	- 589,107 -	(465,000)	5,313,584 - 326,695	10,657,013 3,238,407 17,072,316
Total depreciable assets	25,203,350	589,107	(465,000)	5,640,279	30,967,736
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	(3,176,161) (1,795,871) (8,119,110)	(239,123) (336,314) (426,808)	200,673 - -	- - -	(3,214,611) (2,132,185) (8,545,918)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,091,142)	(1,002,245)	200,673		(13,892,714)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,083,340	\$ 2,002,294	\$ (264,327)	\$ -	\$ 18,821,307

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the Town of Snowflake as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 125,412
Public safety	226,291
Highways and streets	416,827
Parks and Recreation	 233,715
Total depreciation	\$ 1,002,245

Note 6. Capital Assets, Continued

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for business-type activities during the year.

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Non-depreciable assets: Land	\$ 1,973,830	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,973,830
Construction in progress	516,713	266,796	- -	(642,051)	141,458
Total non-depreciable assets	2,490,543	266,796		(642,051)	2,115,288
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements	9,048,707	181,453	-	642,051	9,872,211
Machinery and equipment	2,331,663	144,990	(80,849)		2,395,804
Total depreciable assets	11,380,370	326,443	(80,849)	642,051	12,268,015
Accumulated depreciation:					
Bulding and improvements	(5,762,736)	(241,424)	-	-	(6,004,160)
Machinery and equipment	(700,383)	(166,465)	80,849		(785,999)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,463,119)	(407,889)	80,849		(6,790,159)
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 7,407,794	\$ 185,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,593,144

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the Town of Snowflake as follows:

Business-type activities:

285,492
122,397
\$ 407,889
\$

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the year:

	eginning Balance	Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Governmental activities:						
Direct Placement Bonds Payable:						
Revenue bonds series 2013	\$ 199,134	\$ -	\$	(199,134)	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue bonds series 2020	2,823,000	-		(179,000)	2,644,000	186,000
Direct Borrowings:						
Notes payable	368,216	-		(70,051)	298,165	71,755
Net pension/OPEB liability	3,994,155	1,102,926		-	5,097,081	-
Compensated absences	206,410	117,909		(130,838)	193,481	145,111
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 7,590,915	\$ 1,220,835	\$	(579,023)	\$ 8,232,727	\$ 402,866
Business-type activities:						
Direct Placement Bonds Payable:						
Revenue bonds series 2013	\$ 145,866	\$ -	\$	(145,866)	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue bonds utility 2013	500,000	-		(245,000)	255,000	255,000
Net pension/OPEB liability	427,361	138,229		-	565,590	-
Compensated absences	30,936	24,536		(32,997)	22,475	16,856
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,104,163	\$ 162,765	\$	(423,863)	\$ 843,065	\$ 271,856

Generally, resources from the General fund are used to liquidate net pension/OPEB liabilities for governmental activities. The General fund and Highway User Revenue fund have separately liquidated their respective liabilities for compensated absences within the current year. In addition, the respective business-type activities of the Utility fund and Golf course fund generally liquidate their respective liabilities in each fund as it relates to compensated absences.

The Town's outstanding bonds from direct placements of \$2,899,000 are secured with pledged revenues. One of the outstanding issues from direct placement contain provisions that in an event of default, the owners of the bond may proceed to divert state shared revenues to the issuer.

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

The following is a listing of long-term liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023:

Bonds Payable:

Direct Placement Bonds Payable	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
\$2,305,000 Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, for refunding of 2003 WIFA loan and water system improvements, due in annual installments of \$248,890 to \$255,289; through July 1, 2023; interest at 2.09%	\$ -	\$	255,000	
\$3,000,000 General Fund Placement Bond , Series 2020, for funding renovation of the swimming pool, due in annual installments of \$229,320 to \$233,480; through December 15, 2035; interest at 1.92%	2,644,000		-	
Total direct placement bonds payable	\$ 2,644,000	\$	255,000	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	Direct Placement Bonds Payable							
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Combined Total			
Year Ended	Dringinal	Interest	Dringinal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		Interest		
2024	\$ 183,000	\$ 49,008	\$ 255,000	\$ 2,665	\$ 438,000	\$ 51,673		
2025	186,000	45,466	-	-	186,000	45,466		
2026	189,000	41,866	-	-	189,000	41,866		
2027	193,000	38,198	-	-	193,000	38,198		
2028	196,000	34,464	-	-	196,000	34,464		
2029-2033	1,032,000	114,086	-	-	1,032,000	114,086		
2034-2036	665,000	19,286			665,000	19,286		
Total	\$ 2,644,000	\$ 342,374	\$ 255,000	\$ 2,665	\$ 2,899,000	\$ 345,039		

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

Notes Payable:

In July 2017, the Town entered into a purchasing agreement with Zion Bank for the fire station totaling \$630,156. Payments, in the amount of \$79,142, are made annually including interest at 2.48%. The final payment on the note payable is due August 1, 2026.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings Notes Payable							
		Government						
Year Ended June 30,	Principal			nterest	Total			
2024	\$	71,755	\$	7,387	\$	79,142		
2025		73,534		5,608		79,142		
2026		75,358		3,784		79,142		
2027		77,518		1,624		79,142		
Total direct borrwings notes payable	\$	298,165	\$	18,403	\$	316,568		

Note 8. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are netted and reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances. The Town has no interfund receivables outstanding as of June 30, 2023.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in certain funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year ended, June 30, 2023, the General fund made a transfer of \$640,002 to the Golf Course fund. Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds, in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies. The transfer of \$640,002 from the General Fund to the Golf Course fund was for budgetary reasons, and considered a subsidy.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The Town contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System and the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	ASRS	PSPRS	Con	nbined Total	 vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities
Net OPEB asset	\$ 73,948	\$ 97,717	\$	171,665	\$ 152,438	\$ 19,227
Net OPEB liability	1,226	-		1,226	907	319
Net pension liability	2,174,120	3,487,325		5,661,445	5,096,174	565,271
Deferred outflows of resources-OPEB	9,278	5,150		14,428	12,015	2,412
Deferred outflows of resources-Pension	389,310	880,147		1,269,457	1,168,237	101,221
Deferred inflows of resources-OPEB	48,069	15,932		64,001	51,503	12,498
Deferred inflows of resources-Pension	107,832	53,792		161,624	133,588	28,036
Pension/OPEB (income) expense	193,086	431,046		624,132	622,115	2,017

The Town reported \$574,843 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS)

Plan description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans describe below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

This section intentionally left blank.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Benefits provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date	Initial Membership Date
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011
Years of service and age required to receive	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55
benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*
		any years age 65
Final average salary is	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 60 consecutive
based on	of last 120 months	months of last 120 months
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%

^{*} With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (12.03 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (11.92 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.68 percent (9.62 percent for retirement, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS.

The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$179,356, \$3,136, and \$2,837, respectively.

Liability – At June 30, 2023, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB liability.

	Net p	ension/OPEB
	(as	set) liability
Pension	\$	2,174,120
Health insurance premium benefit		(73,948)
Long-term disability		1.226

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total liability used to calculate the net asset and net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2021, were:

	Proportion	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	from June 30, 2021
Pension	0.013220%	0.012490%	0.00000730
Health insurance premium benefit	0.013250%	0.012360%	0.0000890
Long-term disability	0.013270%	0.012430%	0.00000840

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension and OPEB expense (income):

	Pension/OPE	B Expense
Pension	\$	209,088
Health insurance premium benefit		(10,983)
Long-term disability		408

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension			Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Long-term disability					
	Ou	eferred atflows of esources		red Inflows Resources	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources		rred Inflows of Resources		ed Outflows esources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,739	\$	638	\$	1,142
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		107,906		-		1,200		2,017		667		2,991
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		57,268		-		2,491		-		38
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		83,523		50,564		314		1,033		485		618
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		179,356		-		3,136		-		2,837		
Total	\$	389,310	\$	107,832	\$	4,650	\$	43,280	\$	4,627	\$	4,789

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pension and OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Year Ended		Hea	alth Insurance	Long-term
_	June 30	 Pension	Pre	mium Benefit	 disability
	2024	\$ 96,379	\$	(11,425)	\$ (270)
	2025	13,513		(12,424)	(340)
	2026	(99,431)		(13,618)	(627)
	2027	91,661		(2,221)	(134)
	2028	-		(2,078)	(643)
	Thereafter	-		-	(985)

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health
	insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return
Equity	50%	3.90%
Fixed Income - Credit	20%	5.30%
Fixed Income - Interest rate		
sensitive bonds	10%	(0.20%)
Real estate	20%	6.00%
Totals	100%	•

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2022, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.0%)	Di	scount Rate (7.0%)	 1% Increase (8.0%)
Proportionate share of the:		_			
Net pension liability	\$	3,207,849	\$	2,174,120	\$ 1,312,151
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)		(53,173)		(73,948)	(91,575)
Net long-term disability liability		2,032		1,226	444

Plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)

Plan description – Town employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A ninemember board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRs according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS. The reports are available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Benefits provided – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date Before January 1, 2012	Initial Membership Date On or After January 1, 2012		
Retirement and Disability				
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years		
Benefit percent Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retiremen	nt, whichever is greater		
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater			
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated service or 20 years of credited multiplied by years of credited s divided	service, whichever is greater, ervice (not to exceed 20 years)		
Survivor Benefit				
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired m	·		
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disable of average monthly compensation injuries received	tion if death was the result of		

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

PSPRS - Police	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1	0
Active employees	7	7
Total	17	16

Contributions – State Statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2023, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			Town-Health
	Active member -		insurance
	Pension	Town - Pension	premium
PSPRS Police	7.65%	46.30%	0.00%
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool	9.94%	45.84%	0.00%

In addition, statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 35.90% of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the Town's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSDCRP.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2023, were:

			Health	
PSPRS - Police		in	surance	
		р	remium	
	 Pension		benefit	
PSPRS	\$ 269,613	\$	-	
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool	168,086		-	

During the fiscal year 2023, the Town paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100% from the general fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2023, the Town reported the following assets and liabilities.

	N	et pension	Net OPEB			
	(as	(asset) liability		et) liability		
PSPRS Police	\$	3,487,325	\$	(97,716)		

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total liability used to calculate the new assets or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2022, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.3 percent to 7.2 percent, changing the wage inflation from 3.5 percent to a range of 3.0 – 6.25 percent, and increasing the cost-of-living adjustment from 1.75 percent to 1.85 percent.

Actuarial assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return	7.20%
Wage inflation	3.0-6.25% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price Inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.85% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.2 using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Public Equity	24.00%	3.49%
International		
Public Equity	16.00%	4.47%
Global Private		
Equity	20.00%	7.18%
Other Assets (Capital		
Appreciation)	7.00%	4.83%
Core Bonds	2.00%	0.45%
Private Credit	20.00%	5.10%
Diversifying		
Strategies	10.00%	2.68%
Cash - Mellon	1.00%	-0.35%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2022, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.2 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability

PSPRS-Police	Pension							Health insurance premium benefit					
	Increase (decrease)							Increase (decrease)					
		Plan Fiduciary Net Pension				Т	otal OPEB	Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB			
	Total P	ension Liability	N	et Position		Liability	Liability		Net Position		Liability		
		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	6,273,004	\$	3,495,185	\$	2,777,819	\$	71,006	\$	184,261	\$	(113,255)	
Changes for the year:		_			·-					_			
Service cost		96,117		-		96,117		3,142		-		3,142	
Interest on total pension/OPEB liability		453,043		-		453,043		5,326		-		5,326	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and													
actual experience in the measurement of	f												
the pension/OPEB liability		250,850		-		250,850		(855)		-		(855)	
Changes of assumptions		140,316		-		140,316		572		-		572	
Contributions - employer		-		323,245		(323,245)		-		-		-	
Contributions - employee		-		50,722		(50,722)		-		-		-	
Net investment income		-		(140,612)		140,612		-		(7,225)		7,225	
Benefit payments, including refunds													
of employee contributions		(326,101)		(326,101)		-		(2,387)		(2,387)		-	
Plan administrative expenses				(2,535)		2,535				(129)		129	
Net changes		614,225		(95,281)		709,506		5,798		(9,741)		15,539	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	6,887,229	\$	3,399,904	\$	3,487,325	\$	76,804	\$	174,520	\$	(97,716)	

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)			iscount Rate (7.20%)	1	% Increase (8.20%)
PSPRS-Police Net pension (asset) / liability Net OPEB (asset)/ liability	\$	4,445,312 (87,690)	\$	3,487,325 (97,716)	\$	2,707,737 (106,090)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pensi	ion expense	OPEB expense				
PSPRS Police	\$	407,533	\$	(14,223)			

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS - Police	Pension				Health Insurance Premium Benefi				
	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of				
	R	Resources Resources		Resources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	242,667	\$	53,792	\$	1,626	\$	15,484	
Changes in assumptions		138,925		-		539		448	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on									
pension/OPEB plan investments		60,856		-		2,985		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		437,699		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	880,147	\$	53,792	\$	5,150	\$	15,932	

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to PSPRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS - Police							
		He						
			Insurance					
		emium						
Year Ended June 30		Pension	Benefit					
2024	\$	155,922	\$	(8,269)				
2025		82,681		(2,410)				
2026		70,570		(4,220)				
2027		79,483		4,117				
2028		-		-				
Thereafter		-		-				

Note 10. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the Town is a participating member. The limit for basic coverage is for \$3,000,000 per occurrence on a claims made basis. No significant reduction in insurance coverage occurred during the year and no settlements exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has the authority to assess its member's additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

The Town is insured by Municipal Workers Compensation for potential worker related accidents.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

The Town is involved in various matters of litigation. Any pending or threatened litigation is not measurable and cannot be estimated as of the date of the financial statements. It is the opinion of Town officials that none of these cases would have a material effect on the Town's financial condition.

This section intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

June 30, 2023

ASRS - Pension					porting Fiscal Y leasurement Da				
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.013220%	0.012490%	0.000730%	0.014050%	0.014050%	0.013410%	0.014040%	0.015150%	0.015425%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,174,120	\$ 1,641,131	\$ 2,346,011	\$ 2,044,438	\$ 1,959,481	\$ 2,089,017	\$ 2,266,197	\$ 2,359,735	\$ 2,282,364
Covered payroll	\$ 1,522,842	\$ 1,281,224	\$ 1,417,318	\$ 1,436,958	\$ 1,396,971	\$ 1,257,910	\$ 1,240,073	\$ 1,385,444	\$ 1,375,190
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	142.77%	128.09%	165.52%	142.28%	140.27%	166.07%	182.75%	170.32%	165.97%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.26%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.00%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2023

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit				porting Fiscal Y leasurement Da			
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.012360%	0.013400%	0.013400%	0.014020%	0.014320%	0.013230%	0.013231%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (73,948)	\$ (60,219)	\$ (9,487)	\$ (3,874)	\$ 12,448	\$ (7,202)	\$ 3,826
Covered payroll	\$ 1,522,842	\$ 1,281,224	\$ 1,417,318	\$ 1,436,958	\$ 1,396,971	\$ 1,257,910	\$ 1,240,073
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.80%	-4.70%	-0.67%	-0.27%	0.89%	-0.57%	0.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	130.24%	130.24%	104.33%	101.62%	102.00%	103.57%	98.02%
ASRS - Long-term disability				eporting Fiscal N			
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.013270%	0.012430%	0.013440%	0.014020%	0.014060%	0.013300%	0.013301%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ 1,226	\$ 2,566	\$ 10,196	\$ 9,133	\$ 7,346	\$ 4,821	\$ 4,780
Covered payroll	\$ 1,522,842	\$ 1,281,224	\$ 1,417,318	\$ 1,436,958	\$ 1,396,971	\$ 1,257,910	\$ 1,240,073
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.08%	0.20%	0.72%	0.64%	0.53%	0.38%	0.39%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Prior year information is not available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

PSPRS Police - Pension				•	orting Fiscal Yea				
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$ 96,117	\$ 102,538	\$ 91,051	\$ 125,050	\$ 115,051	\$ 144,165	\$ 130,874	\$ 132,212	\$ 138,501
Interest on total pension liability	453,043	438,759	433,713	405,220	372,309	364,499	344,208	325,750	280,167
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	68,049	160,648	-	82,250
Difference between expected and actual									
experience of the total net pension liability	250,850	17,445	(98,723)	160,174	168,451	(298,156)	(83,711)	42,947	(70,662)
Changes of assumptions	140,316	-	-	127,019	-	172,738	177,123	-	397,088
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(326,101)	(387,187)	(349,638)	(286,615)	(270,589)	(260,445)	(260,793)	(269,427)	(217,608)
Net change in total pension liability	614,225	171,555	76,403	530,848	385,222	190,850	468,349	231,482	609,736
Total pension liability - beginning	6,273,004	6,101,449	6,025,046	5,494,198	5,108,976	4,918,126	4,449,777	4,218,295	3,608,559
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,887,229	\$ 6,273,004	\$ 6,101,449	\$ 6,025,046	\$ 5,494,198	\$ 5,108,976	\$ 4,918,126	\$ 4,449,777	\$ 4,218,295
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 323,245	\$ 426,055	\$ 302,934	\$ 295,319	\$ 297,228	\$ 258,290	\$ 222,768	\$ 189,537	\$ 171,514
Contributions - employee	50,722	46,122	51,464	54,621	61,026	71,283	74,644	85,034	74,324
Net investment income	(140,612)	748,504	32,810	133,609	158,268	244,971	11,743	72,784	234,045
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
employee contributions	(326,101)	(387,187)	(349,638)	(286,615)	(270,589)	(260,445)	(260,793)	(269,427)	(217,608)
Hall/Parker Settlement	-	-	-	-	(83,208)	-	-	-	-
Other (net transfer)	(2,535)	(3,503)	(2,675)	(3,946)	(3,082)	(73,075)	(30,410)	(13,918)	(92,067)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(95,281)	829,991	34,895	192,988	159,643	241,024	17,952	64,010	170,208
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,495,185	2,665,194	2,630,299	2,437,311	2,277,668	2,036,644	2,018,692	1,954,682	1,784,474
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,399,904	\$ 3,495,185	\$ 2,665,194	\$ 2,630,299	\$ 2,437,311	\$ 2,277,668	\$ 2,036,644	\$ 2,018,692	\$ 1,954,682
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 3,487,325	\$ 2,777,819	\$ 3,436,255	\$ 3,394,747	\$ 3,056,887	\$ 2,831,308	\$ 2,881,482	\$ 2,431,085	\$ 2,263,613
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability	49.37%	55.72%	43.68%	43.66%	44.36%	44.58%	41.41%	45.37%	46.34%
Covered payroll	\$ 522,071	\$ 497,301	\$ 530,584	\$ 452,038	\$ 582,535	\$ 633,694	\$ 675,307	\$ 601,000	\$ 687,610
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	667.98%	558.58%	647.64%	750.99%	524.76%	446.79%	426.69%	404.51%	329.20%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

PSPRS Police				R	eporting I	isca	l Year			
Health Insurance Premium Benefit					Vleasurem					
	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
	(2022)	((2021)	((2020)	(2019)	((2018)	 (2017)
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost	\$ 3,142	\$	3,264	\$	3,039	\$	2,680	\$	2,796	\$ 3,359
Interest on total OPEB liability	5,326		5,903		5,573		6,879		6,226	7,227
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		-		-	1,092
Difference between expected and actual										
experience of the total net OPEB liability	(855)		(14,562)		3,254		(22,165)		(279)	(17,569)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	572		-		-		550		-	(4,792)
Benefit payments	(2,387)		(2,387)		(10,699)		(1,200)		(1,200)	(1,338)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 5,798		(7,782)		1,167		(13,256)		7,543	(12,021)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	71,006		78,788		77,621		90,877		83,334	95,355
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 76,804	\$	71,006	\$	78,788	\$	77,621	\$	90,877	\$ 83,334
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(14)	\$	298	\$ -
Net investment income	(7,225)		40,095		1,918		8,006		9,731	14,807
Benefit payments	(2,387)		(2,387)		(10,699)		(1,200)		(1,200)	-
Administrative expense	(129)		(165)		(156)		(138)		(148)	(1,338)
Other changes	-		-		-		631		-	(131)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(9,741)		37,543		(8,937)		7,285		8,681	13,338
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 184,261		146,718		155,655	:	148,370		139,689	126,351
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 174,520	\$	184,261	\$	146,718	\$:	155,655	\$	148,370	\$ 139,689
Net OPEB (asset)/liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (97,716)	\$	(113,255)	\$	(67,930)	\$	(78,034)	\$	(57,493)	\$ (56,355)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total OPEB liability	227.23%		259.50%		186.22%	:	200.53%		163.26%	167.63%
Covered payroll	\$ 522,071	\$	497,301	\$	530,584	\$ 4	452,038	\$	582,535	\$ 633,694
Net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll	-18.72%		-22.77%		-12.80%		-17.26%		-9.87%	-8.89%

Note: In accordance with GASB 78, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it bocomes available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS - Pension					Reporting	; Fiscal Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 179,356	\$ 190,413	\$ 163,597	\$ 162,998	\$ 160,652	\$ 152,270	\$ 140,986	\$ 142,647	\$ 151,953	\$ 148,778
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(179,356)	(190,413)	(163,597)	(162,998)	(160,652)	(152,270)	(140,986)	(142,647)	(151,953)	(148,778)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1,522,842	\$ 1,554,535	\$ 1,281,224	\$ 1,417,318	\$ 1,436,958	\$ 1,396,971	\$ 1,257,910	\$ 1,240,073	\$ 1,385,444	\$ 1,375,190
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.78%	12.25%	12.77%	11.50%	11.18%	10.90%	11.21%	11.50%	10.97%	10.82%

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit						Re	por	ting Fiscal Y	ear				
·		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,136	\$	3,231	\$	5,286	\$	6,975	\$	6,610	\$	6,147	\$ 7,120
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(3,136)		(3,231)		(5,286)		(6,975)		(6,610)		(6,147)	(7,120)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 1	,522,842	\$ 1	,554,535	\$ 1	,281,224	\$	1,417,318	\$ 1	,436,958	\$ 1	,396,971	\$ 1,257,910
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.21%		0.21%		0.41%		0.49%		0.46%		0.44%	0.57%
ASRS - Long-term disability						Re	por	rting Fiscal Y	ear				
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,837	\$	2,973	\$	2,484	\$	2,420	\$	2,299	\$	2,235	\$ 1,809
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,837)		(2,973)		(2,484)		(2,420)		(2,299)		(2,235)	(1,809)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1	.,522,842	\$ 1	,554,535	\$ 1	1,281,224	\$	1,417,318	\$	1,436,958	\$:	1,396,971	\$ 1,257,910
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.19%		0.19%		0.19%		0.17%		0.16%		0.16%	0.14%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Prior year information is not available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

PSPRS Police-Pensions									R	eporting Fi	scal	Year					
	_	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	437,699	\$	323,245	\$	426,055	\$	302,934	\$	295,319	\$	297,228	\$	258,290	\$ 222,768	\$ 189,537	\$ 171,514
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	(437,699)	\$	(323,245)	\$	(426,055)	\$	(302,934)	\$	(295,319)	\$	(297,228)	\$	(258,290)	\$ (222,768)	\$ (189,537)	\$ (171,514)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	582,317	\$	522,071	\$	497,301	\$	530,584	\$	452,038	\$	582,535	\$	633,694	\$ 675,307	\$ 601,000	\$ 687,610
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		75.17%		61.92%		85.67%		57.09%		65.33%		51.02%		40.76%	32.99%	31.54%	24.94%
PSPRS Police						Rep	orti	ing Fiscal Ye	ar								
Health Insurance Premium Benefit		2023		2022		2021	_	2020		2019		2018	2	2017			
Actuarially determined contribution		\$	-	\$ -	:	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(14)	\$	298	\$	-			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		\$.	_	\$ -	:	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14	\$	(298)	\$	-			
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$		\$ -	 -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$	-			
Covered payroll		\$ 582,317	7	\$ 522,071	:	\$ 497,301	\$	530,584	\$ 4	152,038	\$ 5	82,535	\$ 6	33,694			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.009	%	0.00%	ó	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.05%		0.00%			

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2023

Note 1. Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarially determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period

As of the 2021 Actuarial Valuation 17 years

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of

return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to

7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases

were decreased from 4.0%–8.0% to 3.5%–7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%–8.5% to 4.0%–8.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%–9.0% to 4.5%–8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth

was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006 -

June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010

tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both

males and females)

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2023

Note 2. Factors that Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refunded amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

General Fund

The **General Fund** is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the Town which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose.

Highway User Revenue Fund (Streets) – This fund is used to account for the Town's share of motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds which are restricted for the maintaining, repairing, and upgrading of streets.

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Local sales tax	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 4,499,415	\$ 1,849,415
Franchise tax	171,000	171,000	166,508	(4,492)
Permits and fees	122,000	122,000	193,924	71,924
Intergovernmental	5,341,853	5,341,853	4,653,264	(688,589)
Charges for services	6,000	6,000	30,736	24,736
Interest	20,000	20,000	310,567	290,567
Miscellaneous and contingencies	1,064,100	1,064,100	749,222	(314,878)
Total revenues	9,374,953	9,374,953	10,603,636	1,228,683
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
Council	60,000	60,000	59,831	169
Administration	497,100	497,100	309,455	187,645
Town clerk	112,500	112,500	85,347	27,153
Magistrate	5,200	5,200	2,322	2,878
Planning and zoning	178,500	178,500	154,026	24,474
Building maintenance	199,000	199,000	113,501	85,499
Attorney	40,000	40,000	29,895	10,105
Contingency	903,560	153,560	138,979	14,581
Total general government	1,995,860	1,245,860	893,356	352,504
Public safety:				
Law enforcement	3,099,500	3,349,500	3,238,852	110,648
Fire	540,000	540,000	456,000	84,000
Total public safety	3,639,500	3,889,500	3,694,852	194,648
Public works/streets:				
Community improvements	1,350,000	2,350,000	2,038,308	311,692
Engineer	50,000	100,000	88,955	11,045
Total public works/streets	1,400,000	2,450,000	2,127,263	322,737
Recreation and parks:				
Library	338,650	338,650	320,309	18,341
Parks and recreation, activity	788,750	788,750	536,174	252,576
Total culture and recreation	1,127,400	1,127,400	856,483	270,917
Debt Service:				
Principal	449,500	449,500	415,515	33,985
Interest	58,500	58,500	63,288	(4,788)
Total debt service	508,000	508,000	478,803	29,197
Total expenditures	8,670,760	9,220,760	8,050,757	1,170,003
•				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

(continued)

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bud	get		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	704,193	154,193	2,552,879	2,398,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(625,000) (625,000)	(775,000) (775,000)	(640,002) (640,002)	134,998 134,998
Net change in fund balance	79,193	(620,807)	1,912,877	2,533,684
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,310,960	8,310,960	8,310,960	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,390,153	\$ 7,690,153	\$ 10,223,837	\$ 2,533,684

TOWN OF SNOWFLAKE, ARIZONA

HIGHWAY USER REVENUE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buo	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
laboration and a laboration				
Intergovernmental revenue:	ć 1120.00C	ć 1120.00C	ć 4.057.047	ć (02.0c0)
Highway user revenues	\$ 1,139,986	\$ 1,139,986	\$ 1,057,917	\$ (82,069)
Grants and contributions	1,000,000	1,000,000	163,047	(836,953)
Total revenue	2,139,986	2,139,986	1,220,964	(919,022)
EXPENDITURES:				
Public works:				
Salaries	315,000	315,000	294,958	20,042
Employee benefits	165,000	165,000	138,209	26,791
Services, supplies, and other	1,523,586	823,586	258,790	564,796
Total public works	2,003,586	1,303,586	691,957	611,629
Debt service				
Principal	35,000	35,000	32,672	2,328
Interest	1,400	1,400	337	1,063
Total debt service	36,400	36,400	33,009	3,391
Capital outlay	100,000	100,000	454,082	(354,082)
Total expenditures	2,139,986	1,439,986	1,179,048	260,938
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		700,000	41,916	(658,084)
Net change in fund balance	-	700,000	41,916	(658,084)
Fund balance, beginning of year	323,183	323,183	323,183	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 323,183	\$ 1,023,183	\$ 365,099	\$ (658,084)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Snowflake's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, no disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	_
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	80 81-82 83 84-85
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue sources.	
Local Sales Tax Revenue by Industry Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	86 87
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Legal Debt Margin Information	88 89
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principle Employers	90 91
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Full Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	92 93 94

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

						Fiscal	Ye	ar					
	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,879,142	\$ 15,611,775	\$ 10,837,023	\$ 10,861,	343	\$ 10,124,421	\$	10,052,079	\$ 9,821,620	\$:	10,117,910	\$ 9,631,282	\$ 9,055,294
Restricted	365,099	323,183	906,880	762,	330	632,459		461,889	382,547		450,154	409,799	399,860
Unrestricted	6,069,241	2,231,060	1,608,414	(210,	1 77)	(1,359,527)		(2,092,187)	(2,186,383)		(1,902,223)	(2,419,786)	1,058,167
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 22,313,482	\$ 18,166,018	\$ 13,352,317	\$ 11,414,	196	\$ 9,397,353	\$	8,421,781	\$ 8,017,784	\$	8,665,841	\$ 7,621,295	\$ 10,513,321
Business-Type activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,338,144	\$ 6,761,929	\$ 5,336,603	\$ 4,076,0)45	\$ 3,620,139	\$	3,358,874	\$ 2,987,324	\$	2,919,902	\$ 2,882,183	\$ 2,702,536
Restricted	222,439	240,927	305,908	301,	909	292,149		285,657	286,448		256,137	236,945	260,167
Unrestricted	(91,159)	(286,242)	(270,094)	(215,	124)	(274,018)		(13,901)	(302,613)		(313,875)	(515,089)	499,388
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 7,469,424	\$ 6,716,614	\$ 5,372,417	\$ 4,162,	330	\$ 3,638,270	\$	3,630,630	\$ 2,971,159	\$	2,862,164	\$ 2,604,039	\$ 3,462,091
Primary government													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,217,286	\$ 22,373,704	\$ 16,173,626	\$ 14,937,	388	\$ 13,744,560	\$	13,410,953	\$ 12,808,944	\$:	13,037,812	\$ 12,513,465	\$ 11,757,830
Restricted	587,538	564,110	1,212,788	1,064,	739	924,608		747,546	668,995		706,291	646,744	660,027
Unrestricted	5,978,082	1,944,818	1,338,320	(425,	501)	(1,633,545)		(2,106,088)	(2,488,996)		(2,216,098)	(2,934,875)	1,557,555
Total primary government net position	\$ 29,782,906	\$ 24,882,632	\$ 18,724,734	\$ 15,577,0)26	\$ 13,035,623	\$	12,052,411	\$ 10,988,943	\$:	11,528,005	\$ 10,225,334	\$ 13,975,412

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) - (unaudited)

Properties Pro
General Governmental activities: General government
General government \$ 1,018,175 \$ 1,372,181 95,233 \$ 793,016 \$ 61,7826 \$ 741,030 \$ 900,01 \$ 61,955 \$ 1,522,753 \$ 1,512,056 Public safety 3,464,640 2,819,887 3,015,290 2,916,544 2,415,706 2,827,442 2,672,348 2,327,719 2,080,488 2,245,703 Public works/streets 1,128,177 1,143,474 1,234,795 838,244 90,8712 901,418 2,527,22 1,361,718 844,341 736,137 Recreation and parks 1,090,868 669,000 71,434 2,562,70 2,143,235 61,616 348,365 610,002 62,981 475,071 Total governmental activities expenses 6,772,899 5,951,18 5,955,008 5,780,299 1,483,205 5,131,191 5,259,345 4,994,167 4,948,205 1,455,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405 1,415,405
Public safety 3,464,640 2,819,887 3,015,290 2,916,544 2,415,706 2,827,442 2,672,488 2,327,719 2,080,488 2,245,703 Public works/streets 1,128,177 1,014,347 1,234,795 838,244 908,712 901,418 1,252,722 1,361,718 844,341 736,137 Recreation and parks 1,090,868 674,006 745,452 604,603 534,535 641,163 448,326 610,270 417,642 482,477 Total governmental activities expenses 6,772,809 595,018 5,965,608 5,78,029 4,948,202 5,131,11 5,329,90 4,994,10 4,948,215 4,691,453 Business-type activities expenses 2,062,964 1,756,820 1,415,836 1,679,119 1,834,653 1,351,191 1,251,636 1,210,343 1,353,699 1,457,028 Golf course 1,133,487 1,002,394 881,138 944,025 932,059 603,616 773,371 516,667 557,523 607,462 Total Expenses 3,969,260 8,793,32 8,625,80
Public work/streets 1,128,177 1,014,347 1,234,795 838,244 908,712 901,418 1,252,722 1,361,718 844,341 736,137 Recreation and parks 1,090,868 674,006 745,452 604,603 534,535 641,613 448,326 612,740 417,642 482,471 Total governmental activities expenses 6,772,809 595,018 5,955,08 5,178,029 4,498,202 513,141 5,239,40 4,949,107 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 4,948,215 5,759,218 5,759,218 5,759,218 5,759,218 5,759,218 6,779,219 1,834,635 1,831,418 1,251,638 1,210,343 1,355,699 1,457,828 7,479,109 1,834,635 1,551,118 1,210,343 1,355,699 1,457,828 7,479,109 1,458,438 1,469,119 1,834,635 1,551,118 1,210,343 1,355,699 1,457,408 1,459,409 1,457,408 1,459,409 1,457,408 1,452,409 1,452,409 1,452,409 <
Recreation and parks 1,090,868 674,006 745,452 604,603 534,552 641,163 448,326 612,740 417,642 482,477 Interest on long-term debt 70,949 6,6967 17,134 25,622 21,423 32,088 56,352 60,025 62,981 75,071 Total governmental activities expenses 6,772,809 5,950,18 5,956,08 5,178,029 4,498,200 5,131,41 5,329,99 4,994,107 4,948,215 4,691,435 Water and sewer 2,062,964 1,756,820 1,415,836 1,697,119 1,834,651 1,251,636 1,210,343 1,353,699 1,457,208 Officiouse 1,313,487 1,002,341 881,138 944,025 932,059 60,616 7,73,711 516,676 557,522 676,682 Total business-type activities expenses 3,196,451 2,759,214 2,226,974 2,623,144 2,766,699 1,954,090 7,977,108 6,859,479 1,911,222 2,666,689 Total business-type activities 1,954,090 8,703,32 8,762,529
Interest on long-term debt
Total governmental activities expenses 6,772,809 5,95,118 5,965,08 5,178,029 4,498,202 5,143,141 5,329,49 4,994,167 4,948,215 4,691,435 8 Business-type activities: Water and sewer 2,062,964 1,756,820 1,415,836 1,679,119 1,834,635 1,351,191 1,251,636 1,210,343 1,353,699 1,457,208 6,001 course 1,133,487 1,002,394 881,138 944,025 932,059 603,616 773,371 516,876 557,523 607,426
Business-type activities: Water and sewer 2,062,964 1,756,820 1,415,836 1,679,119 1,834,635 1,351,191 1,251,636 1,210,343 1,353,699 1,457,208 Golf course 1,133,487 1,002,394 881,138 944,025 932,059 603,616 773,371 516,876 557,523 607,426 Total business-type activities expenses 3,196,451 2,759,214 2,296,974 2,623,144 2,766,694 1,954,807 2,025,007 1,727,219 1,911,222 2,064,634 Total Expenses \$9,969,260 8,709,332 8,262,582 7,801,173 7,264,896 7,097,948 7,354,956 6,721,386 6,859,437 5,756,087 Program Revenues Charges for services: Charges for services: General government 9,780,38 708,724 662,506 \$517,858 303,579 \$418,358 230,051 \$259,877 \$166,707 \$172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,299 1,071,428
Water and sewer 2,062,964 1,756,820 1,415,836 1,679,119 1,834,635 1,351,191 1,251,636 1,210,343 1,335,699 1,457,208 Golf course 1,133,487 1,002,394 881,138 944,025 932,059 603,616 773,371 516,876 557,523 607,426 Total business-type activities expenses 3,196,451 2,759,214 2,296,974 2,623,144 2,766,694 1,954,807 2,025,007 1,727,219 1,911,222 2,064,634 Total Expenses \$ 9,969,260 8,709,332 8 2,622,582 7,801,173 7,264,896 7,097,948 7,354,956 6,721,386 6,859,437 6,756,087 Program Revenues Charges for services: General government 7,780,038 708,724 662,506 517,858 303,579 418,358 230,051 259,877 166,707 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,299 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548
Coll course 1,133,487 1,002,394 881,138 944,025 932,059 603,616 773,371 516,876 557,523 607,426 Total business-type activities expenses 3,196,451 2,759,214 2,296,974 2,623,144 2,766,694 1,954,807 2,025,007 1,727,219 1,911,222 2,064,634 Total Expenses 5,969,260 8,709,332 8,262,582 7,801,173 7,264,896 7,097,948 7,354,956 6,721,386 6,859,437 6,756,087 Program Revenues S
Total business-type activities expenses 3,196,451 2,759,214 2,296,974 2,623,144 2,766,694 1,954,807 2,025,007 1,727,219 1,911,222 2,064,634 Total Expenses \$\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
Total Expenses \$ 9,969,260 \$ 8,709,332 \$ 8,262,582 \$ 7,801,173 \$ 7,264,896 \$ 7,097,948 \$ 7,354,956 \$ 6,721,386 \$ 6,859,437 \$ 6,756,087
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 778,038 \$ 708,724 \$ 662,506 \$ 517,858 \$ 303,579 \$ 418,358 \$ 230,051 \$ 259,877 \$ 166,707 \$ 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 778,038 \$ 708,724 \$ 662,506 \$ 517,858 \$ 303,579 418,358 230,051 \$ 259,877 \$ 166,707 \$ 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 778,038 \$ 708,724 \$ 662,506 \$ 517,858 \$ 303,579 418,358 230,051 \$ 259,877 \$ 166,707 \$ 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Charges for services: General government \$ 778,038 \$ 708,724 \$ 662,506 \$ 517,858 \$ 303,579 \$ 418,358 \$ 230,051 \$ 259,877 \$ 166,707 \$ 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
General government \$ 778,038 \$ 708,724 \$ 662,506 \$ 517,858 \$ 303,579 \$ 418,358 \$ 230,051 \$ 259,877 \$ 166,707 \$ 172,899 Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Public safety 1,391,346 1,067,607 1,070,290 1,071,428 988,922 986,591 886,269 857,493 890,479 908,548 Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Recreation and parks 38,007 71,074 47,500 33,075 36,010 69,938 97,097 86,286 72,055 77,053 Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Operating grants and contributions 1,221,064 3,297,235 1,004,286 1,888,614 869,363 850,582 786,480 880,962 698,167 650,967
Capital Elatio and continuations 140.020 003.730 702.700 100.144 130.337 231.033 147.000 1.307.731 0/1.303 312.033
Total governmental activities program revenues 3,568,545 5,750,376 3,487,282 3,699,119 2,357,233 2,617,168 2,146,897 3,392,409 2,699,377 2,121,562
Business -type activities:
Charges for services:
Water and sewer \$ 2,747,041 \$ 2,797,513 \$ 2,338,551 \$ 1,989,646 \$ 1,842,701 \$ 1,773,851 \$ 1,507,560 \$ 1,431,358 \$ 1,467,601 \$ 1,440,990
Golf course 562,218 557,228 613,927 485,787 415,609 317,467 258,742 250,479 283,151 276,590
Operating grants and contributions
Capital grants and contributions - 105,000
Total business-type activities program revenues 3,309,259 3,459,741 2,952,478 2,475,433 2,258,310 2,091,318 1,766,302 1,681,837 1,750,752 1,717,580
Total primary government program revenues \$ 6,877,804 \$ 9,210,117 \$ 6,439,760 \$ 6,174,552 \$ 4,615,543 \$ 4,708,486 \$ 3,913,199 \$ 5,074,246 \$ 4,450,129 \$ 3,839,142
Net/(expense) revenue
Governmental activities \$ (3,204,264) \$ (199,742) \$ (2,478,326) \$ (1,478,910) \$ (2,140,969) \$ (2,525,973) \$ (3,183,052) \$ (1,601,758) \$ (2,248,838) \$ (2,569,891)
Business-type activities 112,808 700,527 655,504 (147,711) (508,384) 136,511 (258,705) (45,382) (160,470) (347,054)
Total primary government net expense \$ (3,091,456) \$ 500,785 \$ (1,822,822) \$ (1,626,621) \$ (2,649,353) \$ (2,389,462) \$ (3,441,757) \$ (1,647,140) \$ (2,409,308) \$ (2,916,945)

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) - (unaudited)

					Fiscal Year					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
City sales taxes	\$ 4,499,41	\$ 3,183,584	\$ 2,518,840	\$ 2,127,903	\$ 1,579,196	\$ 1,674,234	\$ 1,170,233 \$	1,163,487	\$ 1,046,222 \$	993,577
State sales taxes	940,73	862,810	711,205	606,267	579,559	553,613	507,828	527,763	510,863	486,569
Franchise taxes	166,50	153,745	143,356	130,888	133,029	131,205	111,316	119,958	124,221	121,282
Auto lieu taxes	559,30	494,895	508,865	401,046	389,227	365,336	324,556	319,808	295,826	285,566
Urban revenue sharing	1,207,26	801,214	856,769	757,524	696,688	713,926	693,194	673,035	676,704	623,076
Unrestricted investment earnings	310,56	7 14,926	4,568	40,199	48,752	24,240	-	-	-	4,993
Miscellaneous	122,26	237,009	226,409	91,417	185,620	17,087	93,225	90,151	39,423	61,938
Sales of capital assets	185,67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(640,00	2) (643,567)	(553,565)	(659,491)	(495,530)	(518,916)	(365,357)	(247,896)	(147,412)	(293,821)
Total governmental activities	\$ 7,351,72	3 \$ 5,104,616	\$ 4,416,447	\$ 3,495,753	\$ 3,116,541	\$ 2,960,725	\$ 2,534,995 \$	2,646,306	\$ 2,545,847 \$	2,283,180
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 103	\$ 518	\$ 6,048	\$ 7,378	\$ 3,964	\$ 2,343 \$	1,520	\$ 3,303 \$	1,073
Sales of capital assets	-	-	-	6,732	13,116	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	640,00	643,567	553,565	659,491	495,530	518,916	365,357	247,896	147,412	293,821
Total business-type activities	640,00	2 643,670	554,083	672,271	516,024	522,880	367,700	249,416	150,715	294,894
Total primary government	7,991,730	5,748,286	4,970,530	4,168,024	3,632,565	3,483,605	2,902,695	2,895,722	2,696,562	2,578,074
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,147,464	\$ 4,904,874	\$ 1,938,121	\$ 2,016,843	\$ 975,572	\$ 434,752	\$ (648,057) \$	1,044,548	\$ 297,009 \$	(286,711)
Business-type activities	752,81	1,344,197	1,209,587	524,560	7,640	659,391	108,995	204,034	(9,755)	(52,160)

Total change in Net Position

\$ 4,900,274 \$ 6,249,071 \$ 3,147,708 \$ 2,541,403 \$ 983,212 \$ 1,094,143 \$ (539,062) \$ 1,248,582 \$ 287,254 \$ (338,871)

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

F	iscal	l Yea

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General fund										
Non-Spendable	\$ -	\$ 27,447	\$ 561,612							
Restricted	-	-	1,918,785	-	-	-	-	-	270	99,794
Unassigned	10,223,837	8,310,960	5,891,145	3,807,912	2,490,598	2,087,169	1,623,060	1,691,952	1,037,617	664,703
Total general fund	\$ 10,223,837	\$ 8,310,960	\$ 7,809,930	\$ 3,807,912	\$ 2,490,598	\$ 2,087,169	\$ 1,623,060	\$ 1,691,952	\$ 1,065,334	\$ 1,326,109
All other governmental funds Non-Spendable Restricted Unassigned, reported in:	\$ - 365,099	\$ - 323,183	\$ - 906,880	\$ - 762,830	\$ - 632,459	\$ - 461,889	\$ - 382,547	\$ 11,400 450,154	\$ - 409,529	\$ - 300,066
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 365,099	\$ 323,183	\$ 906,880	\$ 762,830	\$ 632,459	\$ 461,889	\$ 382,547	\$ 461,554	\$ 409,529	\$ 300,066

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

							Fiscal	Ye	ar							
	2023		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
Revenues																
Local sales tax	\$ 4,499,41	15 \$	3,183,584	\$ 2,518,840	\$ 2,127,903	\$	1,579,196	\$	1,674,234	\$ 1,170,233	\$:	1,163,487	\$	1,046,222	\$	993,577
State sales tax	940,73	32	862,810	711,205	606,267		579,559		553,613	507,828		527,763		510,863		486,569
Motor fuel tax	1,220,96	54	1,041,457	1,004,286	1,060,708		866,175		850,582	786,480		880,962		698,167		646,059
Franchise tax	166,50)8	153,745	143,356	130,888		133,029		131,205	111,316		119,958		124,221		121,282
Licenses and permits	193,92	24	256,005	309,378	392,639		177,196		161,646	69,654		39,532		31,493		21,099
Intergovernmental	2,321,18	36	4,477,623	2,288,334	2,038,198		1,085,915		1,370,961	1,164,750		2,300,633		1,891,405		1,245,291
Charges for services	1,422,08	32	1,065,271	1,250,399	1,204,223		1,328,511		1,313,240	1,116,363		1,076,655		1,050,842		1,054,733
Investment earnings	310,56	57	14,926	5,086	40,199		48,752		19,142	-		-		-		4,993
Miscellaneous	749,22	22	443,135	226,409	253,337		170,969		22,185	120,625		90,151		39,421		126,296
Total revenues	11,824,60	00	11,498,556	8,457,293	7,854,362		5,969,302		6,096,808	5,047,249		6,199,141		5,392,634		4,699,899
Expenditures																
Current:																
General government	893,35	6	1,231,832	721,199	619,474		585,998		554,474	751,757		504,011		1,314,150		990,186
Public safety	3,694,85	52	2,792,802	2,804,325	2,599,037		2,483,220		2,403,061	2,197,854		1,990,361		1,769,931		1,968,181
Public works/streets	2,819,22	20	1,082,189	779,135	902,648		922,031		1,218,782	1,078,102		993,157		559,667		461,585
Recreation and parks	856,48	33	744,249	614,209	568,755		574,081		593,653	609,146		566,824		418,693		466,594
Debt service:																
Principal	448,18	37	444,021	266,128	258,514		250,975		227,435	136,580		78,860		73,860		174,382
Interest	63,62	25	72,443	20,585	32,420		30,362		37,036	56,352		60,262		62,981		75,071
Capital outlay	454,08	32	4,570,120	1,552,079	766,338		53,106		-	-		1,110,557		1,197,252		436,225
Total expenditures	9,229,80)5	10,937,656	6,757,660	5,747,186		4,899,773		5,034,441	4,829,791		5,304,032		5,396,534		4,572,224
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		4				_		_		247.476	_	00= 15=		(0.05=)		
over expenditures	\$ 2,594,79	95 Ş	560,900	\$ 1,699,633	\$ 2,107,176	\$	1,069,529	\$	1,062,367	\$ 217,458	خ	895,109	Ş	(3,900)	Ş	127,675

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ - :	\$ - \$	5	- \$	100,000 \$	100,000 \$	100,000 \$	100,000
Transfers (out)	((640,002)	(643,567)	(553,565)	(659,491)	(495,530)		(518,916)	(347,896)	(247,412)	(393,821)	(315,138)
Issuance of debt financing		-	-	3,000,000	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from refinancing		-	-	-	-	-		630,156	-	-	1,301,586	-
Payment of debt from refinancing		-	-	-	-	-		(630,156)	-	-	(1,493,720)	-
Sales of capital assets		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(640,002)	(643,567)	2,446,435	(659,491)	(495,530)		(518,916)	(247,896)	(147,412)	(485,955)	(215,138)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,	,954,793	\$ (82,667) \$	4,146,068	\$ 1,447,685	\$ 573,999 \$	5	543,451 \$	(30,438) \$	(151,312) \$	(358,280) \$	(532,842)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.	.83%	8.11%	5.51%	5.84%	5.80%		5.25%	3.99%	3.32%	3.26%	6.03%

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Local Sales Tax Revenue by Industry Last Five Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2023			2022			2021			2020			2019		
			% of			% of			% of			% of			% of
	Co	llections	Total	C	ollections	Total	C	ollections	Total	С	ollections	Total	C	ollections	Total
Mining	\$	94,510	2.1%	\$	8,610	0.3%	\$	14,130	0.6%	\$	19,104	0.9%	\$	21,155	1.3%
Communication and Utilities		337,410	7.5%		238,165	7.5%		218,777	8.7%		215,485	10.1%		206,410	13.1%
Construction		798,651	17.8%		456,740	14.3%		209,145	8.3%		209,145	9.8%		133,105	8.4%
Manufacturing		7,015	0.2%		5,004	0.2%		6,012	0.2%		8,765	0.4%		10,140	0.6%
Retail		2,677,560	59.5%		1,991,881	62.6%		1,604,110	63.7%		1,321,244	62.1%		953,788	60.4%
Real Estate Leasing		44,662	1.0%		42,105	1.3%		44,389	1.8%		48,711	2.3%		42,105	2.7%
Restaurant and Bar		477,310	10.6%		392,114	12.3%		384,088	15.2%		264,960	12.5%		178,965	11.3%
Accommodation		36,102	0.8%		24,210	0.8%		15,101	0.6%		18,745	0.9%		9,623	0.6%
Services		2,215	0.0%		2,650	0.1%		3,000	0.1%		2,004	0.1%		2,865	0.2%
Other		23,980	0.5%		22,105	0.7%		20,088	0.8%		19,740	0.9%		21,040	1.3%
	<u> </u>														
Total	\$	4,499,415	100.0%	\$	3,183,584	100.0%	\$	2,518,840	100.0%	\$	2,127,903	100.0%	\$	1,579,196	100.0%

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the Town's local sales tax revenues.

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	State Shared Sales Tax		City Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Motor Fuel Tax	Vehicle License Tax	St	ate Shared Income Tax
2023	\$	940,732	\$ 4,499,415	\$ 166,508	\$ 1,220,964	\$ 559,308	\$	1,207,261
2022		862,810	3,183,584	153,745	1,041,457	494,895		801,214
2021		711,205	2,518,840	143,356	1,004,286	508,865		856,769
2020		606,267	2,127,903	130,888	1,060,708	401,046		757,524
2019		579,559	1,579,196	133,029	866,175	389,227		696,688
2018		553,613	1,674,234	131,205	850,582	365,336		713,926
2017		507,828	1,170,233	111,316	786,480	324,556		693,194
2016		527,763	1,163,487	119,958	742,799	319,808		673,035
2015		510,863	1,046,222	124,221	698,167	295,826		676,704
2014		486,569	993,577	121,282	646,059	285,566		623,076

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

			Govern	nmental Activiti	ies		Business-Ty	pe Act	ivities		Percentage of Personal Income (1) 2.32% 3.27% 4.57% 2.54% 3.18% 3.85% 3.96%		
Fiscal Year	Obl	eneral igation onds		Revenue Bonds	1	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds		Notes Payable	Total Debt Primary overnment	of Personal	1	Pebt Per Dita (2)
2023	\$	-	\$	2,644,000	\$	298,165	\$ 255,000	\$	-	\$ 3,197,165	2.32%	\$	490
2022		-		3,022,134		368,216	645,866		-	4,036,216	3.27%		634
2021		-		3,389,317		434,918	1,025,176		62,989	4,912,400	4.57%		804
2020		-		588,743		501,620	1,406,256		121,350	2,617,969	2.54%		447
2019		-		782,105		566,772	1,782,895		179,711	3,311,483	3.18%		568
2018		-		969,696		630,156	2,150,304		236,614	3,986,770	3.85%		687
2017		-		1,827,286		-	2,512,714		-	4,340,000	3.96%		738
2016		-		1,963,866		-	2,796,134		-	4,760,000	4.56%		829
2015		-		2,042,726		-	3,032,274		-	5,075,000	5.07%		899
2014		-		2,116,586		-	3,258,414		-	5,375,000	5.46%		953

⁽¹⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

⁽²⁾ Population numbers are based on Arizona Department of Economic Security estimated amounts.

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Secondary assessed valuaton	\$ 63,305,696 \$	48,754,692 \$	46,812,753 \$	44,708,030 \$	38,999,928 \$	33,977,800 \$	31,525,347 \$	28,207,167 \$	28,357,451 \$	28,586,860
Debt limit @ 20%	12,661,139	9,750,938	9,362,551	8,941,606	7,799,986	6,795,560	6,305,069	5,641,433	5,671,490	5,717,372
Debt limit @ 6%	3,798,342	2,925,282	2,808,765	2,682,482	2,339,996	2,038,668	1,891,521	1,692,430	1,701,447	1,715,212
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal debt margin @ 20%	12,661,139	9,750,938	9,362,551	8,941,606	7,799,986	6,795,560	6,305,069	5,641,433	5,671,490	5,717,372
Legal debt margin @ 6%	3,798,342	2,925,282	2,808,765	2,682,482	2,339,996	2,038,668	1,891,521	1,692,430	1,701,447	1,715,212

For statutory purposes, the Town's outstanding revenue bonds are not considered general obligation bonds subject to the statutory limits listed above because the Town's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, were secured by sales taxes, and pledged excise tax revenues, rather than property taxes.

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Median Household Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Total Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	Public School Enrollment
2023	6,524	\$ 71,029	\$ 21,109	\$ 137,715,116	6.2%	2,670
2022	6,364	63,458	19,413	123,544,332	3.6%	2,585
2021	6,109	47,206	17,605	107,548,945	5.2%	2,505
2020	5,858	47,206	17,605	103,130,090	3.4%	2,487
2019	5,825	49,813	17,901	104,273,325	3.5%	2,486
2018	5,800	49,191	17,844	103,495,200	3.8%	2,429
2017	5,882	49,018	17,904	109,716,946	5.1%	2,313
2016	5,644	60,215	17,727	100,051,188	5.6%	2,260
2015	5,641	53,021	17,439	98,373,399	6.5%	2,345
2014	5,564	53,384	16,796	93,452,944	8.5%	2,417

Source: US Census Bureau, Arizona Department of Economic Security, and US Department of Commerce, Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Principle Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

(Unaudited)

	20	23	20	13
Employers	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
Summit Regional Medical Center	900	2.69%	841	2.86%
Navajo County	718	2.15%	670	2.27%
Hon-Dah Casino	350	1.05%	409	1.39%
Indian Health Services	285	0.85%	285	0.97%
Arizona Public Service	240	0.72%	300	1.02%
Snowflake Unified School District	235	0.70%	236	0.80%
Wal-Mart	180	0.54%	-	0.00%
Copperstate Farms	160	0.48%	-	0.00%
Northland Pioneer College	110	0.33%	110	0.37%
Brimhall Sand and Rock	85	0.25%	115	0.39%
Town of Snowflake	70	0.21%	67	0.23%
Town of Taylor	55	0.16%	56	0.19%
Smithfield Farms	-	0.00%	154	0.52%
Catalyst		0.00%	268	0.91%
Total	3,388	10.14%	3,511	11.92%
Total Food	22.405		20.455	
Total Employment	33,405		29,455	

Note: The information presented above is County-wide.

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Full Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full Time Equivalent Employees

				Ful	Time Equiva	alent Employ	/ees			
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General government	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10
Public safety										
Police										
Officers	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Civilians	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Fire										
Full-time	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Volunteers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	15
Highways and streets	6	6	6	5	5	4	5	5	4.5	4.5
Recreation and parks	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Utility fund	6	6	6	7	7	6	6	6	5.5	5.5
Golf Course	8	7	6	7	7	6	5	4	4	4
Total	58	54	53	53	53	50	50	65	65	65

Source: Various departments

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	ristai reai										
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Public safety										-	
Police calls for service	21,465	18,410	18,715	18,403	16,310	15,150	13,400	11,125	16,985	17,875	
Fire calls for service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330	385	
Highways and streets											
Street miles resurfaced	0.50	2.00	1.00	3.00	1.50	6.00	10.00	21.00	0.50	2.50	
Recreation and parks											
Participants	2,740	2,615	2,715	2,675	3,005	3,250	3,600	4,250	4,105	3,750	
Water and wastewater											
Water connects	35	40	60	30	20	25	15	10	6	3	
Sewer connects	30	25	30	15	10	15	6	3	-	1	
Golf course											
Rounds of golf	18,650	17,150	18,660	18,140	14,890	15,155	13,000	14,110	16,510	17,460	

Source: Various departments

Town of Snowflake, Arizona Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Public safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Highways and streets										
Streetlights	420	420	420	418	418	417	415	415	415	415
Lift stations	9	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Signalized intersections	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation and parks										
Park areas	6	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Pools	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water and wastewater										
Well sites	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Treatment facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course										
Playable golf holes	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27

Source: Various departments

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS FROM INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

This page intentionally left blank



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Snowflake, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Snowflake, Arizona, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively compromise the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Snowflake, Arizona's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC Gilbert, Arizona December 19, 2023



Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Snowflake, Arizona

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Snowflake, Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2023. Our audit also included test work on the Town of Snowflake's compliance with selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2.

The management of the Town of Snowflake is responsible for the Town's compliance with all requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; accordingly, we make the following statements:

The Town of Snowflake has established separate funds to account for Highway User Revenue funds and Local Transportation Assistance funds. Highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town of Snowflake pursuant to Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year appear to have been used solely for authorized purposes. The funds are administered in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Sources of revenues available and fund balances are reflected in the individual fund financial statements.

Our opinion regarding the Town's compliance with annual expenditure limitations has been issued separately with the Town's Annual Expenditure Limitation Report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the Town of Snowflake complied, in all material respects, with the requirements identified above for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC Gilbert, Arizona December 19, 2023